UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI No. UG/193 of 2017-18

CIRCULAR:-

A reference is invited to the syllabi relating to the Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Programme <u>vide</u> this office Circular No.UG/372 of 2009, dated 25th September, 2009 and the Principals of the affiliated Colleges in Science and the Heads of the recognized Science Institutions concerned are hereby informed that the proposal received from Chairperson, Board of Studies in Botany has been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 11th May, 2017 <u>vide</u> item No.4.213 and that in accordance therewith, the revised syllabus as per the (CBCS) of S.Y.B.Sc. Botany - Paper - I (Sem -III), which is available on the University's website (<u>www.mu.ac.in</u>) and that the same has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2017-18, accordingly.

MUMBAI – 400 032 August, 2017

derini). (Dr.M.A.Khan) REGISTRAR

The Principals of the affiliated Colleges in Science and the Heads of the recognized Science Institutions concerned.

A.C/4.213/11/05/2017

No. UG/ 193 - A of 2017

MUMBAI-400 032

9 August, 2017

Copy forwarded with Compliments for information to:-

- 1) The Co-ordinator, Faculty of Science,
- 2) The Chairman, Board of Studies in Botany,
- 3) The Offg. Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation,
- 4) The Director, Board of Students Development,
- 5) The Co-Ordinator, University Computerization Centre,
- 6) The Professor-cum-Director, Institute of Distance and Open Learning (IDOL),

(Dr.M.A.Khan)

REGISTRAR

....PTO

Syllabus for the S.Y.B.Sc. Program: B.Sc. Course:BOTANY

SEMESTER III THEORY

USBO301 PLANT DIVERSITY 2 Credits (45 lectures) Unit I : Thallophyta (Algae) & Bryophyta Distribution, Cell structure, range of thallus, Economic Importance. Is Lectures • Structure, life cycle and systematic position of Sargassum General Account of Class Anthocerotae and Musci Is Lectures • Structure, life cycle and systematic position of o Anthoceros o Funaria Is Lectures Is Lectures Unit II: Angiosperms Systematics: Objectives and Goals of Plant systematic Is Lectures Is Lectures • Plant Nomenclature Taxonomy in relation to Anatomy Palynology Chemical constituents Embryology Cytology Ecology Is Lectures and economic importance of the following families: o Asterace o Amaranthaceae o Palmae Is Lectures Unit III: Modern Techniques to Study Plant Diversity Preservation methods :Dry and Wet method Is Lectures • Microscopy - Principle and working of Light, and electron microscope. Is Lectures • Principles and techniques of Horizontal and Vertical electrophoresis. Is Lectures	Course Code	Title	Credits
 General Characters of Division Phaeophyta: Distribution, Cell structure, range of thallus, Economic Importance. Structure, life cycle and systematic position of Sargassum General Account of Class Anthocerotae and Musci Structure, life cycle and systematic position of Anthoceros Funaria Unit II: Angiosperms Systematics: Objectives and Goals of Plant systematic Plant Nomenclature Taxonomy in relation to Anatomy Palynology Chemical constituents Embryology Cytology Ecology With the help of Bentham and Hooker's system of Classification for flowering plants study the vegetative, floral characters and economic importance of the following families: Leguminosae Amaranthaceae Palmae Unit II: Modern Techniques to Study Plant Diversity Preservation methods :Dry and Wet method Microscopy – Principle and working of Light, and electron microscope. Chromatography. Principles and techniques in paper and thin layer chromatography. 	USBO301	PLANT DIVERSITY	
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Syllabus for the S.Y.B.Sc. Program: B.Sc.Course : BOTANY

SEMESTER III PRACTICAL

Semester III USBOP3	Cr			
PRACTICAL Paper I – Plant Diversity II	1			
Algae & Bryophyta				
1. Study of stages in the life cycle of Sargassum from fresh/ preserved				
material and permanent slides.				
2. Economic importance and range of thallus in Phaeophyta				
3 Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Anthoceros</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.				
4 Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Funaria</i> from fresh/ preserved				
material and permanent slides.				
Angiosperms				
5. Study of plants for anatomy in relation to taxonomy				
6. Study of plants for Phenols and Flavanoids (chemotaxonomy)				
7. Study of one plant from each family prescribed for theory:				
morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of these families.				
Techniques to study Plant Diversity				
8. Preparation of herbarium and wet preservation technique				
9. Chromatography: Separation of amino by circular paper chromatography				
10. Separation of Carotenoids by thin layer chromatography				
11. Horizontal and Vertical Gel Electrophoresis – Demonstration				

Syllabus for the S.Y.B.Sc. Program: B.Sc. Course:BOTANY

SEMESTER IV THEORY

Course Code	Title	Credits
USBO401	PLANT DIVERSITY	2 Credits (45 lectures)
Unit I : Thallophyta General chara Structure, life Plant Patholo control measu Lichens- Clas Importance a	15 Lectures	
 Unit II: Pteridophyta and Paleobotany Pteridophyta- Salient features and classification upto orders (with examples of each) of Psilophyta and Lepidophyta (G M Smith's system of classification to be followed) Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Selaginella</i> Paleobotany- The geological time scale; Formation and types of fossils; Structure and systematic position of form genus <i>Rhynia</i> 		15 Lectures
Unit III : Gymnosperms • Salient features, classification up to orders (with examples of each) and economic importance of Coniferophyta (Chamberlain's system of classification to be followed) • Structure life cycle and systematic position of <i>Pinus</i> • Structure and systematic position of the form genus <i>Cordaites</i>		15 Lectures

Syllabus for the S.Y.B.Sc. Program: B.Sc.Course : BOTANY

SEMESTER IV PRACTICAL

Semester III USBOP4 PRACTICAL Paper I – Plant Diversity II

Cr 1

Fungi and Plant Pathology

1 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Erysiphe* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

2 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Xylaria* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

3 Study of fungal diseases as prescribed for theory.

4 Study of Lichens (crustose, foliose, & fruiticose).

Pteridophyta and Palaeobotany

5-6 Study of stages in the life cycle of *Selaginella* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

7 Study of form genera *Rhynia* with the help of permanent slides/ photomicrographs.

Gymnosperms

8- Study of stages in the life cycle of *Pinus* from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.

9- Study of the form genus *Cordaites* with the help of permanent slide/ photomicrographs.